

# Installation & Maintenance W Ex db (eb) Zone 1 Flameproof motors





# Introduction

# **⚠**Warning

These motors are certified by a European Notified Body for use in hazardous atmospheres and should be installed, maintained and repaired (if necessary), strictly in accordance with the relevant standards and codes of practice of the user country for the repair and overhaul of Ex electrical apparatus. [For example, in UK: EN 60079-19 and recommendations outlined in the BEAMA/AEMT 'Code of Practice' for repair and overhaul of Ex electrical apparatus').

The certificates issued apply to motors as originally supplied, and in order to maintain validity, it is essential that any servicing/ repair be undertaken only by accredited establishments (see paragraph on 'Spares and Repairs'). Only genuine replacement parts can be used on these certified motors - always specify motor serial number, output (kW), RPM, voltage, Hz and mounting when ordering spares.

# **△**Warning

Qualified personnel only must undertake handling and lifting of electric motors. See additional sections of this manual and the customer safety and installation instructions. Full product documentation and operating instructions must be available together with tools and equipment necessary for safe working practice.

Note - before any work commences, reference should be made to the warning paragraph at the top of this page.

# Receipt

Before any motor is accepted on site, it should be carefully inspected for damage or loss incurred during transit.

Wherever possible, damage should be recorded, photographed and witnessed. Report any findings to the carriers and Brook Crompton, quoting the motor number and consignment note reference.

# Storage

If the motor is not to be used immediately, it should be stored in a clean, dry place which is vibration free. Temperature should be stabilised to -20°C to +40°C.

# **△**Lifting

Eyebolts and/or lifting trunnions supplied with the motor should be screwed down until its shoulder is firmly against the face of the stator frame to be lifted. Eyebolts are normally designed for a vertical lift. Where two eyebolts are used with inclined loading, the maximum safe working loads of the table on page 10 (approximate weights) should not be exceeded.

#### **Bearings**

To avoid static indentation (false brinelling), the storage area should be vibration free. Where exposure to some vibration is unavoidable, the shaft should be locked. Roller and thrust bearings are fitted with a shaft-locking device, which should be kept in place during storage.

Shafts should be rotated by hand (90°), weekly/periodically.

#### Grease

Factory fitted regreasable bearings use either Lithium or Polyurea based grease with a recommended shelf life of two years. If stored for a longer period, the grease may need to be replaced. Shielded bearings have a storage life of five years and a further two years operational life following installation.

## Heaters

Where anti-condensation heaters have been fitted, it is strongly recommended that they are energised during storage. In such cases, prominent warnings of live terminals (inside the terminal box) must be posted inside and outside the terminal box.

Heaters must be isolated whilst the motor is energised, since the heaters, if energised, could cause the motor surface temperature to exceed the maximum for which it is certified. This would invalidate the certification and could result in ignition of the surrounding atmosphere. Heaters must be de-energised before opening any part of the motor enclosure.

Where the certificate permits, the winding may be energised at a low voltage as an alternative to anti-condensation heaters (for maximum voltage see marking on motor). The mains supply must be disconnected during these periods.

Where anti-condensation heaters are not fitted, the use of a desiccant is recommended.

# Installation

# ⚠Withdrawal from storage

Before taking any motor from storage, ensure that anti-condensation heaters (if fitted), have been disconnected and isolated before moving the motor. Check that no foreign matter is present and remove all surface dust and dirt.

Test the stator insulation resistance between phases and also to earth. If an insulation resistance of lower than ten Megohms at 20°C is measured, the windings must be dried out. Any such tests must not be carried out whilst there is risk of the presence of an explosive atmosphere. After measurement, the windings should be discharged immediately to avoid the risk of electric shock.

## Location

Motors must be installed with adequate access for routine maintenance. A minimum of 0.75m of working space around the motor is recommended. Adequate space around the motor, particularly at the fan inlet (50mm), is also necessary to facilitate airflow.

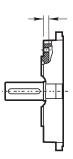
Where several motors are installed in close proximity or other heat sources are present, care must be taken to ensure that there is no re-circulation of exhausted warm air.

Foundations must be solid, rigid and level.

On motors which are mounted vertically with the output shaft facing upwards, the driven equipment must prevent falling objects from entering the fan housing.

### ♠ B14 (IM3601) & B34 (IM2101).

Where a motor is fitted with a 'C' face flange, ie B14 or B34 mounted, care must be taken to ensure mounting bolts do not protude beyond the 'C' face casting thickness.



# ⚠ Electrical connection

The connection diagram is shown on the leaflet enclosed in the motor terminal box or the diagram inside the terminal box lid. The cables used should be capable of carrying the full load current of the motor (see motor nameplate), without overheating or undue voltage drop.

# Cable terminations

a) Ex db motors - with flameproof terminal boxes:

This type of motor may have terminal pins with bushings, or a terminal board. Terminal screws and/or nuts should be secured, but avoid excessive torque to the terminals as this can result in damage to them.

# Storage / Mechanical

# b) Ex db eb motors - with increased safety terminal boxes:

These motors are fitted with increased safety terminals, which comprise either slotted terminal pins, non-rotational clamps and screw fixings or a terminal board.

Permanently attached cables shall be suitably protected against mechanical damage and terminated within the terminal or junction facility suitable for the conditions of use.

Wiring should be carried out or checked by a qualified electrician and equipment must be earthed in accordance with current regulations.

When the motor is despatched with plastic plugs fitted into the cable entry holes, these plugs <u>must</u> be removed prior to commissioning and a suitably certified gland inserted. Cable entries are not to be left open, therefore if any holes are unused or made redundant, they must be plugged with a suitably certified and correctly inserted stopping plugs (stopping plugs to be removed only with the aid of a tool). Alternatively, a replacement gland plate or terminal box must be obtained from Brook Crompton. All cable glands/conduit/plugs etc, must have at least the same IP rating and the hazardous area certification as the motor, thereby ensuring that the motor certification and protection are not compromised.

Note - the operating temperatures at the conduit or cable entry may exceed 70°C and at the branching point of the conductors may exceed 80°C under rated conditions.

If aluminium cables are used they must be terminated in such a way, as to ensure protection against corrosion due to dissimilar metals. Earth bonding of the motor, both on the motor frame and inside the terminal box, should always be carried out to eliminate the risk of electrostatic discharges from the motor.

# Sealing of terminal box area

In order to maintain design degree of protection:

a) Ex db motors - with flameproof terminal boxes:

Motors are despatched with terminal box cover and gland plate (where required), joint faces sealing with a non-setting joint compound. On installation or reassembly after fitting cables, these surfaces should be cleaned and re-sealed using a non-setting jointing compound.

Note - all joint faces must be undamaged and clean prior to applying the jointing compound.

# b) Ex db eb motors - with increased safety terminal boxes:

Gaskets are fitted between terminal facing plate and terminal box, terminal box and lid, glandplate and box. All gaskets must be secured to terminal box using Bostick No.2 or equivalent (see diagram on page 9). If a drain plug is fitted in the box, when removed and subsequently refitted, it must be resealed with a suitable approved non- setting jointing compound.

## Bearings

Ball and roller bearings are despatched from the works fully charged with grease. Shielded bearings have sufficient grease for an operating life of at least two years in normal ambient temperatures, providing there is little or no grease leakage.

On motors with re-lubrication facilities, replenish with a compatible grease but take care to avoid overfilling the bearing housings. It should be noted that over greasing presents a far greater hazard to trouble-free service than under greasing but careful attention is a mandatory requirement. Bearings without re-lubrication facilities will eventually need replacing.

# Fitting pinions, pulleys and couplings

These should be bored to suit the shaft diameter.

# **⚠** Warning

Tapping of fitments onto the motor shaft with a hammer or mallet, causes bearing damage. This results in an increase in bearing noise and a significant reduction in bearing life.

## Re-lubrication

Recommended re-lubrication intervals are available on request as these are load dependant. When replenishing, use a type that is compatible to the grease detailed on the motor nameplate.

Re-lubrication	on table	
Frame size	Grease	Туре
90 to 315	Esso Unirex N3	Lithium complex
70 10 010	NSK EA6	Polyurea

Note: Lithium complex type greases are not compatible with Polyurea type greases.

Standard regreasing facility								
Frame size	Facility							
90	Sealed for life bearings							
100 to180	Regrease on request							
200 to 315	Regrease facility as standard							

#### Frequency converters

When installed for use with frequency converters, special conditions of use apply with respect to limiting fundamental frequency, thermal protection and surface temperatures. Consult Brook Crompton for verification of use. Limits of total harmonic distortion may apply.

#### Thermal protection

When thermal protectectors (e.g. thermistors, thermostats) are located in the stator windings, they must be connected to a suitable control circuit, such that the motor is disconnected from the mains supply at a preditermined termperature. Failure to utilise the thermal protection devices would invalidate the certification.

# Electrial connection

## Maintenance

# **M** Warning

Isolate power supply to motor before commencing any routine cleaning or maintenance work.

## Routing cleaning

Remove the fan cover and ensure that all air inlet holes are completely free. Clean any dust or dirt and obstructions from behind the fan and along the ribs of the frame.

Dust should not be allowed to accumulate on the outside of the motor. It should be removed at intervals (to be decided by the user), such that it does not cover the motor in a layer which is sufficiently thick so as to impair cooling. Tightening torques and bolt sizes are detailed on table 3 (page 6).

#### Periodic maintenance

- a) As routine cleaning first.
- Remove the fan cover and the fan.
   Loosen and remove bearing cap
   screws and endshield screws/studs.
   The endshields should then be eased off their spigots and removed.
- c) The rotor can now be carefully withdrawn from the stator - taking care not to damage the stator bore, the stator winding and the rotor.
- d) Having dismantled the motor, maintenance can be carried out to remove all dirt. For this purpose, the use of an air line supplying dry compressed air under comparatively low pressure is best as a high velocity air stream can force dirt into the spaces between the windings and insulation etc. Grease removing solvents should only be used very sparingly to avoid damage to impregnation varnish or insulation.
- e) For lubrication details, refer to earlier 'Installation' paragraph.
- f) Motors should be reassembled in the reverse order from dismantling, remembering to ease endshields into bearings and spigots. Do not use force. Joints should be resealed where applicable, with an approved jointing compound to maintain IP rating of the enclosure.
- g) Before starting, check that the rotor revolves freely. Ensure that the electrical connections are correct and terminal nuts tight (see section -'Electrical Connection').
- Refit any pulley, coupling, sprocket etc which has been removed - being

- particularly careful to ensure correct alignment with the driven part, as misalignment will lead to ultimate bearing trouble and shaft breakage.
- When replacing screws and bolts, care should be taken to use only those with the requisite quality and tensile strength recommended by the manufacturer. A minimum grade of 8.8 is required for all fixing screws except socket head cap screws which must be a minimum of grade 12.9. These must also be of identical thread form and screw/bolt length. A marginally longer bolt, screwed into a blind hole could 'bottom' and prevent correct closure of a flamepath joint, which could lead to a potentially dangerous explosion. Recovery of tapped holes by counter drilling and fitment of propriety inserts is not recommended by Brook Crompton.

The practices given in IEC 60079-14 and the AEMT/BEAMA repair code should be followed for inspection of components and the treatment of corrosion during maintenance. It should be noted that irrespective of the gas group specified on the nameplate for sizes 200-315, that the minimum length and maximum gaps of flamepath of the shaft to bearing caps - must comply with the Group IIC dimensions.

## Spares and repairs

When ordering spares, it is important to state the motor serial number / motor part number to ensure that the correct spares will be supplied.

#### Notes:

- a) Fixing bolts, nuts, studs, screws, spacers or washers are not included with these parts and, if required, should be clearly specified on the order in addition to the part description number. The fixing duty and part description reference number for which they are required should also be clearly stated.
- Bearings ordered direct from bearing manufacturers must be specified as follows: 'ISO CN, ISO C3', with bearing size. (Bearing fit to be as original motor drawing).

Responsibility for the validity of certification after repair work or the fitting or spares rests with the user. Such repairs should be carried out by competent engineers who are fully trained in working on equipment for hazardous areas.

Spares for our certified motor ranges are quoted/supplied on the understanding that the subsequent validity or certification of an repair\* work and/or fitting of spares and replacement parts, rests with the user or accredited repair establishment. This is one where:

- 1) Personnel have attended a course appropriate to the codes of practice and standards of the nation where the motor is installed. This will normally be a course recognised by the national trade association, health and safety inspectorate or certifying authority (eg, in the UK the AEMT course 'Repair and Overhaul of Ex Electrical Apparatus').
- The workshop is approved by Brook Crompton's authorised repair agent liaison officer or is otherwise suitably accredited by a nationally recognised competent authority.

Where the motor has been originally repaired as indicated by symbol 'R' in accordance with the code\*, or IEC 60079-19, details of the repair should be obtained from the user/repairer before proceeding with repair. Alternatively, contact Brook Crompton.

\*See AEMT/BEAMA publication No. 300 - 'Code of Practice for Repair and Overhaul of Electrical Apparatus'.

# Electrical connection, bearings, grease, spares & repairs

	Inspection	n category*
Check that	Initial	Periodic
Apparatus is appropriate to area classification	А	В
Surface temperature is correct	А	В
Apparatus subgroup (if any) is correct	А	В
Apparatus carries the correct circuit identification	Α	В
Obstructions do not conflict with IEC 60079-14	А	А
Enclosure seals are satisfactory	А	А
Gaps are free from corrosion, dirt and paint	А	В
Dimensions of gaps are correct	А	В
There are no unauthorised modifications	А	А
Bolts, glands and stoppers are complete and tight	А	А
There is no undue accumulation of dust or dirt	В	В
All conduit runs and fittings are tight and free from corrosion	А	В
Earthing is satisfactory	А	А
Condition of enclosure gaskets or sealants are satisfactory	А	В
Electrical connections are tight	А	В
Motor fans and couplings are not rubbing on covers/guards	А	А
Electrical protection is satisfactory, overcurrent protection etc	А	А
Stopper boxes and cable boxes are correctly fitted	А	В
There is no leakage of compound from stopper or cable boxes	В	В
There is no obvious damage to cables, cable sheaths or cable glands	А	А
Apparatus is adequately protected against corrosion, the weather, vibration and other adverse factors	А	А
Guards, where used, are present and correctly fitted	А	А
Fan cowl is undamaged and fitted correctly	Α	А

	Inspectio	n category*
Check that		Periodic
Apparatus is appropriate to area classification	А	В
Surface temperature is correct	А	В
Apparatus subgroup (if any) is correct	А	В
Apparatus carries the correct circuit identification	А	В
Enclosures are satisfactory and undamaged	А	А
There are no unauthorised modifications	А	А
Bolts, glands and stoppers are complete and tight	А	А
? There is no undue accumulation of dust or dirt	В	В
Earthing is satisfactory	А	А
Condition of enclosure gaskets or sealants are satisfactory	А	В
Electrical connections are tight	А	В
Motor air gaps and other running clearances are satisfactory	В	В
B Electrical protection is satisfactory, overcurrent protection etc	А	А
There is no deterioration of encapsulating materials	А	В
Stopper boxes and cable boxes are correctly fitted	А	В
There is no leakage of compound from stopper or cable boxes	В	В
There is no obvious damage to cables	А	А
Apparatus is adequately protected against corrosion, the weather, vibration and other adverse factors	А	А
Guards, where used, are present and correctly fitted	А	А
Fan cowl is undamaged and fitted correctly	Α	А

#### Notes

- Apparatus must be positively identified with its circuit to ensure that correct isolation can be carried out.
- 2 Accumulation of dust or dirt can interfere with heat dissipation and result in surface temperature higher than those permitted in the hazardous area.
- 3 See the particular requirements for motor protection in IEC 60079-14.
- 4 Particular attention should be paid to flexible cables used with portable apparatus.
- \*Category A inspections should be carried out in all cases. Category A intervals must not exceed 2 years. More frequent and/or more detailed inspection will be necessary where there is a corrosive or other adverse atmosphere, a high risk of mechanical damage or vibration, or where there are other onerous circumstances. The need for more frequent inspection may also be determined by operating experience.

The need for, the method, and the frequency of category B inspections is at the discretion of the engineer responsible. It is not intended that periodic inspections should incur undue disturbance of apparatus unless considered necessary by the engineer responsible.

# Markings

## Marking

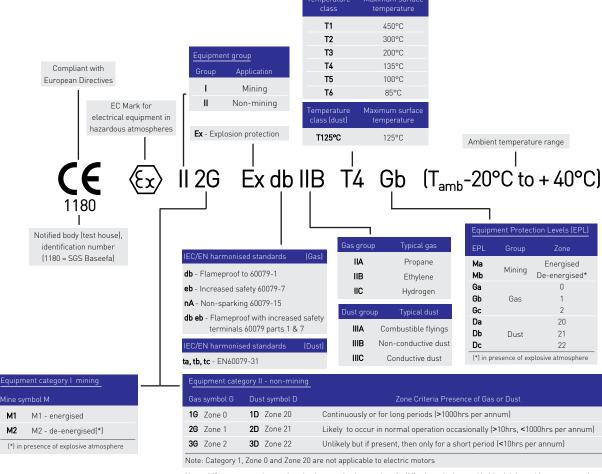
Typical certificate plates shown below



Typical Ex db certificate plate shown



Typical Ex db eb certificate plate shown



Note - M2 category equipment is to be de-energised or made safe, if firedamp is detected in it's vicinity and in a concentration exceeding 1.25% by volume in the general body of mine air.

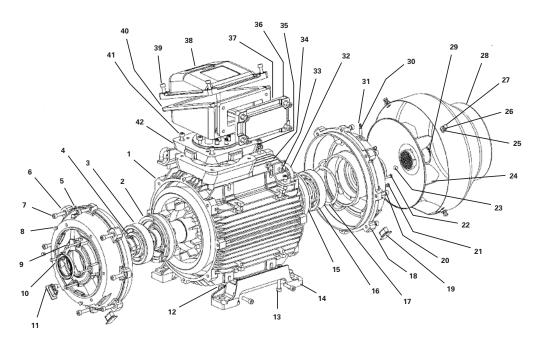
# ATEX certificates

Basic frame size designation	Hazardous area protection concept	Gas group	Equipment Category	category Zone			Marking (including	j cer	tificate number)
	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0013
W-EF90S & W-EF90L	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0014
	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	€x	II 2G Ex db	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0015
V-EF100L	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	€x	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX001
W 55440M	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	€x	II 2G Ex db	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0017
V-EF112M	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0018
W 554000 A W 55400M	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	€x	II 2G Ex db	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0019
V-EF132S & W-EF132M	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0020
	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	<b>€</b> x	II 2G Ex db	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0021
V-EF160M & W-EF160L	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0022
V EE100M 0 M EE100I	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	<b>€</b> x	II 2G Ex db	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0023
-EF180M & W-EF180L	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	<b>€</b> x	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	Baseefa02ATEX0024
	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db	IIB	BAS02ATEX2111X
V-EF200L & W-EF225S	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	<b>€</b> x	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	BAS02ATEX2112X
	Ex db eb	IIC	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db eb	IIC	BAS02ATEX2113X
	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db	IIB	BAS02ATEX2114X
V-EF225M & W-EF250S	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	<b>€</b> x	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	BAS02ATEX2115X
	Ex db eb	IIC	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db eb	IIC	BAS02ATEX2116X
	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db	IIB	BAS02ATEX2117X
V-EF250M & W-EF280S	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	BAS02ATEX2118X
	Ex db eb	IIC	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	<b>€</b> x	II 2G Ex db eb	IIC	BAS02ATEX2119X
	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db	IIB	BAS02ATEX2120X
V-EF280M & W-EF315S	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	BAS02ATEX2121X
	Ex db eb	IIC	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	<b>€</b> x	II 2G Ex db eb	IIC	BAS02ATEX2122X
	Ex db	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db	IIB	BAS02ATEX2123X
V-EF315M & W-EF315L	Ex db eb	IIB	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	⟨£x⟩	II 2G Ex db eb	IIB	BAS02ATEX2124X
	Ex db eb	IIC	2	1	<b>C€</b> 1180	€x	II 2G Ex db eb	IIC	BAS02ATEX2125X

This document is intended to guide the user in the safe installation, maintenance and use of equipment intended for operation in a Zone 1 environment. Where the certificate number is suffixed with an X, particular limitations of use apply. Such limitations of use may apply to the T class temperature and the permissible ambient range. Other limitations may include any or all of: maximum operating speed, the use of anti-condensation heaters, vertical operation, drain plugs in Ex db eb terminal boxes, frequency converter use, the tensile strength of bolts, minimum widths and gaps of flamepaths. For definitive information on these limitations, see the particular certificate as listed in the above table, eg BASO2ATEX2111X.

For the T class temperature and other specific details relating to the limitations of and safe use of motors supplied, refer to the order acknowledgement, the installation and maintenance manual and the certificate which can be downloaded from www.brookcrompton.com

# Typical Ex db and Ex db eb motor\*

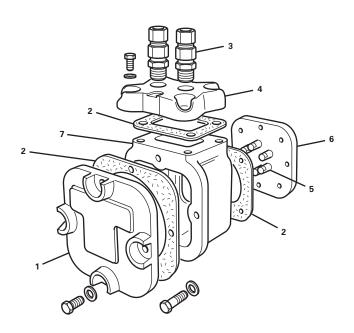


Ref Part description	Ref	Part description	Ref	Part description
Stator frame	15	Non-drive end inner bearing cap	29	External fan circlip
Prive end inner bearing cap	16	Non-drive end bearing	30	Non-drive end grease nipple extension
Drive end bearing	17	Preloaded washer	31	Non-drive end grease nipple
Drive end bearing circlip	18	Non-drive end endshield	32	Lifting lug
Drive end grease nipple	19	Non-drive end endshield grease plug	33	Lifting lug fixing screw
Drive end endshield	20	Non-drive end endshield fixing screws	34	Lifting lug fixing nut
7 Drive end endshield fixing screws	21	Non-drive end endshield plug	35	External earth stud
Drive end endshield plug	22	Non-drive end bearing cap screws	36	Gland plate fixing screw
Drive end bearing cap fixing screws	23	External fan key	37	Gland plate
O Drive end oilseal	24	External fan	38	Terminal box lid
1 Drive end endshield grease plug	25	Fan cover fixing flat washer	39	Terminal box lid fixing screw
2 Stator foot fixing nut	26	Fan cover fixing shakeproof washer	40	Terminal box
3 Stator foot fixing screw	27	Fan cover fixing screw	41	Terminal plate fixing screw
4 Stator foot	28	Fan cover	42	Terminal plate and terminals

\* Ex db eb motors have gaskets fitted between terminal plate and terminal box, terminal box lid and terminal box and terminal box and glandplate. See drawing of Ex db eb terminal box on page 9

The above illustration is typical only and actual machine design may vary

Typical Ex db eb terminal box arrangement





# 10

# Bolt sizes and torques

	Frame	e size			
Location	European	BS	Poles	Bolt size	Nm
Foot and	W-UEF200L/250MNE	W-EF200L/250S	All	M10*	52
lifting lugs	W-UEF280SE/315ME	W-EF250M/315S	All	M16*	220
titting tags	W-UEF315M & 315L	W-EF315M & 315L	All	M20*	400
Flange and	W-EF90S/100L	W-EF90S/100L	All	M6	6
	W-EF112M/132M	W-EF112M/132M	All	M8	16
	W-EF160M/180L	W-EF160M/180L	All	M10	32
	W-UEF200L/250ME	W-EF200L/250S	All	M10*	52
enusinetu	W-UEF22M/250ME	W-EF225M/250S	All	M12*	52
	W-UEF200L/250ME	W-EF250M/315S	All	M16*	220
	W-UEF315M & 315L	W-EF315M & 315L	All	M20*	400
	W-EF90S/132M	W-EF90S/132M	All	M6	6
	W-EF160M/L	W-EF160M/L	All	M8	16
	W-EF180M/L	W-EF180M/L	All	M10	32
Bearing	W-UEF200L/225S	W-EF200L/225S	All	M6	6
сар	W-UEF225M/280ME	W-EF225M/280S	All	M8	16
cap	W-UEF315SE/315L	W-EF280M/315L	2 pole	M8	16
	W-UEF315SE/315L	W-EF280M/315L	4 pole +	M10	31
and plate and	W-EF90S/180L	W-EF90S/180L	All	M8	16
rminal box lid	W-UEF200L/280ME	W-EF200L/280S	All	M8	16
Tilliac box tid	W-UEF315SE/315L	W-EF280M/315L	All	M10	31

Terminal nut torque	:		
Frame size	Terminal nut	Torque (Nm)	Torque (lb-ft)
90 to 112	M5	2.2	1.6
132 to 160	M6	3.8	2.8
180	M8	9.3	6.8
200 to 250S	M8	9.3	6.8
250M+- 2150	M8	9.3	6.8
250M to 315S	M10	12	8.9
	M8	9.3	6.8
315M / L	M10	12	8.9
	M12	15	11

# Approximate shipping specifications

<b>Type</b> European		Net weight kg	Gross weight kg	Cubage m³
W-EF90S	W-EF90S	30	32	0.05
W-EF90L	W-EF90L	34	36	0.05
W-EF100L	W-EF100L	46	48	0.65
W-EF112M	W-EF112M	58	64	0.119
W-EF132S	W-EF132S	80	86	0.119
W-EF132M	W-EF132M	96	102	0.119
W-EF160M	W-EF160M	144	156	0.161
W-EF160L	W-EF160L	162	174	0.161
W-EF180M	W-EF180M	208	224	0.324
W-EF180L	W-EF180L	223	248	0.324
W-UEF200L	W-EF200L	325	353	0.324
W-UEF225S	W-EF225S	355	392	0.433
W-UEF225M	W-EF225M	423	452	0.433
W-UEF250MNE	W-EF250S	474	529	0.801
W-UEF280SNE	W-EF250M	580	620	0.831
W-UEF280MNE	W-EF280S	755	835	1.3
W-UEF315SNE	W-EF280M	870	950	1.3
W-UEF315MNE	W-EF315S	1284	1379	1.9
W-UEF315M	W-EF315M	1350	1445	1.9
W-UEF315L	W-EF315L	1550	1645	2.0

# Regreasing intervals

#### Bearing grease and re-lubrication intervals

Bearings are pre-packed with a grease type dependant on frame size.

Generally standard motors frame sizes 90 to 180 are sealed for life bearings.

Sealed for life bearings can be identified on the motor name plate with 'ZZ' or '2Z' appearing after the bearing size for example 6310ZZ.

W-UEF315M/L

(2P) = 2 pole motor

Motor frames sizes 132 to 180 could have an option to include re-lubrication facilities.

To quote re-lubrication intervals for these frame sizes please contact the sales office, quoting either a part number or motor serial number from the motor nameplate.

Motor frame sizes 200 to 315 are supplied with re-lubrication facilities, the re-lubrication intervals are shown in the tables below.

Motor Type	<u></u>	55	N.D.E.		3000 mi	n <sup>-1</sup>	1500 m	in-1	1000 m	in-1	750 n	nin <sup>-1</sup>
European		DE Bearing	NDE Bearing	Grease qty (gms)	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical		Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical
W-UEF200LN	W-EF200LN	6313	6313	23	12.6	8.2	30.0	20.3	30.0	27.8	30.0	30.0
W-UEF225S	W-EF225S	6313	6313	23	12.6	8.2	30.0	20.3	30.0	27.8	30.0	30.0
W-UEF225M	W-EF225M	6314	6314	26	11.3	7.4	29.5	19.2	30.0	26.0	30.0	30.0
W-UEF250ME (2P)	W-EF250S (2P)	6314	6314	26	12.6	8.2	-	-	=	=	-	-
W-UEF250ME	W-EF250S	6316	6316	33	-	-	26.3	17.1	30.0	23.6	30.0	29.3
W-UEF280SE (2P)	W-EF250M (2P)	6314	6314	26	11.3	7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
W-UEF280SE	W-EF250M	6318	6318	41	-	-	23.4	15.2	30.0	21.3	30.0	27.8
V-UEF280ME (2P)	W-EF280S (2P)	6314	6314	26	11.3	7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
V-UEF280ME	W-EF280S	6318	6318	41	-	-	23.4	15.2	30.0	21.3	30.0	27.8
W-UEF315SE (2P)	W-EF280M (2P)	6316	6316	33	9.4	6.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
V-UEF315SE	W-EF280M	6319	6319	45	-	-	21.3	13.8	30.0	20.3	30.0	26.0
V-UEF315ME (2P)	W-EF315S (2P)	6316	6316	33	9.4	6.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
W-UEF315ME	W-EF315S	6319	6319	45	-	-	21.3	13.8	30.0	20.3	30.0	26.0
W-UEF315M/L (2P)	W-EF315M/L (2P)	6316	6316	33	9.4	6.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
W-UEF315M/L	W-EF315M/L	6319	6319	45	_	-	21.3	13.8	30.0	20.3	30.0	26.0

Motor Type					3600 min <sup>-1</sup>		1800 min <sup>-1</sup>		 1200 min <sup>-1</sup>		900 min <sup>-1</sup>	
European		DE bearing	NDE bearing	grease qty (gms)	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical		Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical
W-UEF200LN	W-EF200LN	6313	6313	23	8.0	5.2	26.3	17.1	30.0	24.4	30.0	29.3
W-UEF225S	W-EF225S	6313	6313	23	8.0	5.2	26.3	17.1	30.0	24.4	30.0	29.3
W-UEF225M	W-EF225M	6314	6314	26	7.5	4.9	25.0	16.3	30.0	22.8	30.0	27.6
W-UEF250ME (2P)	W-EF250S (2P)	6314	6314	26	7.5	4.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
V-UEF250ME	W-EF250S	6316	6316	33	-	-	22.0	14.3	30.0	21.1	30.0	25.7
V-UEF280SE (2P)	W-EF250M (2P)	6314	6314	26	7.5	4.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
V-UEF280SE	W-EF250M	6318	6318	41	-	-	17.5	11.4	29.0	18.9	30.0	24.1
V-UEF280ME (2P)	W-EF280S (2P)	6314	6314	26	7.5	4.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
V-UEF280ME	W-EF280S	6318	6318	41	-	-	17.5	11.4	29.0	18.9	30.0	24.1
V-UEF315SE (2P)	W-EF280M (2P)	6316	6316	33	5.3	3.4	-	=	-	-	=	=
V-UEF315SE	W-EF280M	6319	6319	45	-	-	16.3	10.6	27.5	17.9	30.0	22.8
V-UEF315ME (2P)	W-EF315S (2P)	6316	6316	33	5.3	3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
V-UEF315ME	W-EF315S	6319	6319	45	-	-	16.3	10.6	27.5	17.9	30.0	22.8
W-UEF315M/L (2P)	W-EF315M/L (2P)	6316	6316	33	5.3	3.4	_	_	_		_	_

The data quoted in the tables above is based on 70°C. These intervals should be halved for every 15°C above 70°C.

6319

6319

W-EF315M/L



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